

1. This table represents possible seating of 5 people among 8 seats. A shaded square represents a forbidden seat assignment. The rook polynomial of the shaded squares is

$$1 + 9x + 28x^2 + 36x^3 + 20x^4 + 4x^5$$

Using this information, how many allowable ways are there to seat all five people? Your final answer should be in elementary form.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
A								
B								
C								
D								
E								

Ans: $\frac{8!}{3!} - 9\frac{7!}{3!} + 28\frac{6!}{3!} - 36\frac{5!}{3!} + 20\frac{4!}{3!} - 4\frac{3!}{3!}$

2. Consider the following equation. The variables w_1 , w_2 , and w_3 are integers that must satisfy the given conditions.

$$w_1 + w_2 + w_3 = n$$

$$10 \leq w_1 \longrightarrow x^{10} + x^{11} + \cdots = \frac{x^{10}}{1-x}$$

$$0 \leq w_2 \leq 19 \longrightarrow 1 + x + x^2 + \cdots + x^{19} = \frac{1-x^{20}}{1-x}$$

$$10 \leq w_3 \leq 29 \longrightarrow x^{10} + x^{11} + \cdots + x^{29} = \frac{x^{10} - x^{30}}{1-x}$$

- (a) Write out the generating function for the number of solutions of this equation. Write your answer as a quotient in which the denominator is a power of $(1-x)$ and the numerator is a polynomial written out as a sum of different powers of x .

Ans: The generating functions for each variable are given above. The generating function

for the given problem is the product of these: $F(x) = \frac{x^{20} - 2x^{40} + x^{60}}{(1-x)^3}$.

- (b) Use the result in part (a) to find the number of solutions when $n = 80$.

Ans: $F(x) = (x^{20} - 2x^{40} + x^{60}) \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} \binom{j+2}{j} x^j$, and the terms that produce x^{80} are:

$$x^{20} \binom{62}{60} x^{60} - 2x^{40} \binom{42}{40} x^{40} + x^{60} \binom{22}{20} x^{20} = \left[\binom{62}{60} - 2\binom{42}{40} + \binom{22}{20} \right] x^{80},$$

so the answer is: $\binom{62}{60} - 2\binom{42}{40} + \binom{22}{20}$.